

## **ORAL PRESENTATION**

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# Effect of purified omega-3 fatty acids on reducing left ventricular remodeling after acute myocardial infarction (OMEGA-REMODEL study): a double-blind randomized clinical trial)

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### **Background**

Acute myocardial infarction (MI) remains a leading cause of patient death and morbidity. Prognosis following MI has been shown to be strongly associated with small changes in left ventricular remodeling. Omega-3 fatty acid (PUFAs) supplementation may have a number of beneficial pleiotropic effects, including enhancement of myocardial relaxation and reduction of vascular tone. One prospective, randomized trial demonstrated significant survival benefit for PUFAs following acute MI. However, the mechanism and potential myocardial changes during the convalescent phase post MI from PUFAs have not been well described.

### **Methods**

The OMEGA-REMODEL study was a randomized, double-blinded, placebo controlled trial of PUFA supplementation post acute MI. A total of 358 patients were randomized to study therapy with PUFAs (n=180) or matching placebo (n=178) and underwent baseline assessment by CMR 4-28 days following MI, with follow-up after 6 months of randomized therapy. The primary endpoint was changes in left ventricular end-systolic volume indexed to body surface area (LVESVI). Secondary outcomes included a) change in total infarct size, b) expansion of MECVF within noninfarcted myocardium, and c) changes in systemic biomarkers.

### Results

Baseline demographics for the entire cohort and both treatment arms are shown in Table 1. CMR characteristics, PUFAs levels, and biomarkers for baseline and 6-month post-treatment values of each treatment arm are shown in Table 2 and Figure 1. There were no significant differences for any ventricular parameters, infarct size or MECVF at baseline. After 6 months of therapy, follow-up CMR revealed a significant difference for percent change of LVESVI (-5.4±16.6 PUFAs versus  $0.75\pm21.0$  Placebo, p=0.01) and MECVF (-1.3±14.9 PUFAs versus 3.8±18.0 Placebo, p=<0.05) between the treatment arms. In addition, the inflammatory biomarkers, hsCRP and myeloperoxidase, were substantially reduced in the PUFAs treated arm as compared with the placebo arm (-98.2±243.6% versus -30.5±221.5% p<0.01, and  $-0.8\pm6.7$  versus  $+0.8\pm5.3$  p=<0.05, respectively). Finally, the percent reduction in ST2 after 6 months, a biomarker of myocardial fibrosis, was significantly greater in the PUFAs treated arm (-1.35±8.0 versus  $+0.92\pm7.5$ , p=0.03). Adjusted multivariable analysis demonstrated an independent association for change in PUFAs levels with adverse LV remodeling.

### **Conclusions**

The results of this study demonstrated a significant reduction in LVESVI and MECVF for patients treated with high-dose PUFAs as compared to placebo. Further assessment of systemic biomarkers demonstrated a substantial reduction in biomarkers of inflammation, and

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Table 1 Reseline Demographics

Characteristics	All patients (n=358)	Treatment PUFAs (n=180)	Placebo (n=178)	P value	
Age (years)	58.9±10.5	59.6±10.4	58.3±10.4		
Female, n (%)	69 (19)	31 (17)	38 (21)	0.42	
Body surface area, m <sup>2</sup>	1.99±0.2	1.99±0.2	2.0±0.2	0.71	
Heart rate (beats/min)	66.1±12.0	65.3±10.0	67.0±13.4	0.19	
Systolic blood pressure (mm Hg)	121 ±16	121 ±15	120 ±16	0.75	
Diastolic blood pressure (mm Hg)	70 ±10	70 ±10	70 ±11	0.62	
Ethnicity White, n (%)	289 (81)	143 (79)	146 (82)	0.78	
CAD History CHF, n (%) MI, n (%) PCI, n (%)	10 (3) 36 (10) 40 (11)	4 (2) 22 (12) 21 (12)	6 (3) 14 (8) 19 (11)	0.75 0.99 0.73	
CABG, n (%)	35 (10)	24 (14)	11 (6)	<0.05	
Cardiac risk factors, n (%) Hypercholesterolemia Diabetes mellitus Hypertension Smoking	253 (71) 90 (25) 229 (64) 177 (49)	133 (74) 45 (25) 117 (65) 85 (47)	120 (67) 45 (25) 112 (63) 92 (52)	0.13 0.99 0.58 0.52	
Medications, n (%)					
Aspirin β-adrenergic blockers Statin Calcium channel blockers ACE inhibitor/ARB Insulin	356 (99) 326 (91) 342 (96) 26 (7) 260 (73) 33 (9)	179 (99) 162 (90) 171 (95) 17 (9) 133 (74) 18 (10)	177 (99) 162 (92) 171 (96) 9 (5) 127 (71) 15 (8)	0.99 0.85 0.99 0.23 0.47 0.59	
Type MI	33 (7)	10 (10)	15 (6)	0.57	
STEMI Anterior	203 (57) 96 (27)	100 (56) 48 (27)	103 (58) 48 (27)	0.83 0.99	
TIMI 3 Flow Achieved	327 (91)	164 (92)	163 (92)	0.99	
Laboratory Hematocrit, %	39.0±26.4	39.4±36.8	38.7±7.9	0.79	
AST, µmol/L	42.7±78.2	48.3±76.0	37.3±80.1	0.20	
Creatinine, µmol/L Glucose, mg/dl	0.93±0.24 124.9±63.4	0.95±0.26 124.6±67.3	0.91±0.22 125.1±59.7	0.14 0.90	
Peak troponin (T), umol/L Peak creatine kinase, U/L Peak creatine kinase MB, U/L	20 ± 62 1166 ±1269 98 ± 97	26 ± 81 1139 ±1067 98 ± 95	15 ± 34 1193 ±1450 97 ±100	0.12 0.72 0.98	

Data listed where available. Abbreviations: ACE = angiotensin converting enzyme, ARB = angiotensinx receptor blocker, AST = aspartate aminotransferase, CAD = coronary artery disease, CABG = coronary artery bypass grafting, CHF = congestive heart failure, MI = myocardial infarction, PCI = percutaneous coronary intervention, PUFA = purified omega-3 fatty acids, STEMI = ST elevation myocardial infarction, TIMI = 'thrombolysis in myocardial infarction'

Figure 1 Baseline demographics

ministra T. Carros Personal and American	PLACEBO (n=178)		Treatment PUFAs (n=180)		*Comparison of Baseline (pre-therapy)	%Change post-therapy for Placebo and Treatment Group				
	Baseline (pre-therapy)	6-month (post-therapy)	P Value	Baseline (pre-therapy)	6-month (post-therapy)	P Value	P Value	Placebo (n=128)	PUFAs (n=133)	P Value
atty Acids (RBC %)										
EPA	0.8 ± 0.4	0.9 ± 0.6	0.02	0.8 ± 0.6	23±12	0.0001	NS	+10.98 ± 46.02	+254.94 ± 234.86	< 0.0001
DPA	$2.9 \pm 0.4$	2.9 ± 0.5	0.08	2.9 ± 0.5	3.8 ± 0.7	0.0001	NS	$-1.95 \pm 14.67$	+32.32 ± 25.10	<0.0001
DHA	4.9 ± 1.4	5.1 ± 1.5	NS	4.7 ± 1.3	7.1 ± 1.4	0.0001	NS	+2.58 ± 18.04	+58.48 ± 45.84	<0.0001
Omega-3-Index	5.7 ± 1.7	5.9 ± 2.0	NS	5.5 ± 1.8	9.4 ± 2.5	0.0001	NS	$+3.34 \pm 19.41$	+80.86 ± 60.86	<0.0001
Inflammatory index	27.5 ± 12.0	26.5 ± 14.7	NS	28.0 ± 12.4	9.4 ± 7.7	0.0001	NS	+1.35 ± 41.37	-62.09 ± 31.45	<0.0001
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LVESVI, ml/m <sup>2</sup>	38.6 ± 17.2	36.1 ± 12.4	NS	39.8 ± 16.0	36.8 ± 14.1	0.0001	NS	+0.75 ± 20.99	-5.41 ± 16.61	0.01
LVEDVI, ml/m <sup>2</sup>	82.4 ± 21.0	82.1 ± 18.3	NS	84.0 ± 20.0	82.9 ± 20.1	NS	NS	+1.46 ± 15.60	-0.77 ± 14.66	NS
LV ejection fraction, %	54.3 ± 9.8	56.7 ± 7.6	NS	53.6 ± 9.2	56.4 ± 8.6	0.0001	NS	+2.25 ± 12.22	+4.81 ± 11.30	NS
LV mass index, g/m <sup>2</sup>	58.8 ± 70.4	56.1 ± 13.2	0.01	60.3 ± 14.4	58.6 ± 12.9	0.06	NS	-2.07 ± 18.65	-1.08 ± 16.62	NS
LV mass to volume ratio	$0.74 \pm 0.2$	0.70 ± 0.17	0.03	$0.74 \pm 0.2$	0.74 ± 0.2	NS	NS	$-1.46 \pm 24.53$	+2.10 ± 22.57	NS
RV ejection fraction, %	53.3 ± 7.8	52.8 ± 7.0	NS	53.2 ± 6.0	53.3 ± 6.7	NS	NS	$+0.59 \pm 14.98$	+0.23 ± 13.47	NS
RVESVI. ml/m <sup>2</sup>	33.8 ± 11.4	34.4 ± 10.3	NS	33.1 ± 9.1	34.7 ± 10.2	0.04	NS	+4.20 ± 25.25	7.05 ± 26.01	NS
LGE mass (e)	17.7 ± 17.7	13.9 ± 12.6	0.008	17.8 ± 17.2	15.0 ± 15.0	0.05	NS	-2.91 ± 57.31	-8.81 ± 39.93	NS
MECVF	0.33 ± 0.05	0.35 ± 0.06	NS	0.34 ± 0.05	0.34 ± 77.1	0.09	NS	+3.79 ± 17.99	-1.35 ± 14.90	<0.05
iomarkers										
holesterol										
Total Cholesterol	132 ± 37	144 ± 37	0.0001	132 ± 30	144 ± 41	0.004	NS	15.1 ± 28.3	6.8 ± 25.3	NS
LDL	72 ± 28	76 ± 30	0.004	$74 \pm 24$	76 ± 31	NS	NS	$18.8 \pm 53.7$	21.2 ± 46.0	NS
HDL	44 ± 11	50± 13	0.0001	44 ± 11	52 ± 15	0.0001	NS	$12.8 \pm 19.9$	11.3 ± 18.1	NS
Triglycerides	144 ± 79	151 ± 87	NS	130 ± 60	136 ± 110	NS	NS	$-9.0 \pm 23.0$	-7.0 ± 22.5	NS
curohormonal (log)	AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	contract of		2000.0000.000	100000			200000000000000000000000000000000000000	100
NT-proBNP	$6.09 \pm 1.13$	$4.92 \pm 1.11$	0.0001	$6.24 \pm 1.05$	5.01 ± 1.09	0.0001	0.0001	$-18.76 \pm 13.50$	-19.39 ± 11.71	NS
nflammation (log)										
hsCRP.	1.06 ± 1.46	0.30 ± 1.14	0.0001	$1.25 \pm 1.43$	0.22 ± 1.04	0.0001	0.0001	$-30.50 \pm 221.49$	-98.16 ± 243.61	0.03
Myeloperoxidase	5.78 ± 0.32	5.81 ± 0.40	NS	5.81 ± 0.39	5.77 ± 0.42	NS.	NS	+0.80 ± 5.32	-0.80 ± 6.68	<0.05
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ardiac fibrosis (log)	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	2005-000-74 (00000000-105	1100		50,000,000,000,000	2000			CHOCKING MICH. 1	
ST2	3.59 ± 0.35	3.61 ± 0.37	NS	$3.54 \pm 0.37$	3.49 ± 0.37	0.047	NS	$+0.92 \pm 7.47$	-1.35 ± 8.03	0.03
Galectin-3	2.75 ± 0.36	2.74 ± 0.38	NS	$2.75 \pm 0.38$	2.68 ± 0.30	0.04	NS	$+0.31 \pm 7.43$	-1.22 ± 8.85	NS

Figure 2 Baseline and 6-month post treatment results

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fibrosis for the PUFAs treated arm. These findings represent the first description of the effect of PUFAs on myocardial tissue phenotypes during the convalescent phase post MI and may suggest potentially important pathophysiological pathways for their pleiotropic effects.

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